# National University of Lesotho

## BSc. and BSc. Ed. Supplementary Examination

# PG 3413 – Synoptic Meteorology

3 Hours

Marks: 100

August, 2023

Instructions:		
	<ul> <li>Answer any <u>four (4)</u> questions.</li> <li>Where applicable illustrate your answer with equations</li> </ul>	and diagrams.
Quest	<u>ion 1</u>	
a)	Describe the two (2) types of models used in climate and weather	prediction. (10)
b)	Briefly explain what the tropics are.	(8)
c)	Differentiate between a climate outlook and a weather forecast.	(7)
		[25]
Quest	ion 2	
a) b)	Explain how atmospheric and oceanic circulations contribute to the meridional transport of heat. (15)  Discuss <u>two (2)</u> major differences between midlatitude and tropical atmospheric circulatory systems. (10)	
		[25]
Quest	<u>ion 3</u>	
	Describe any <u>three (3)</u> temperate disturbances affecting the wear Southern Africa.  Outline the lifecycle of a single cell storm.	(15) (10) [25]
Quest	<u>ion 4</u>	[=0]
a)	Explain any four (4) factors that are responsible for the highly v climate in the midlatitude regions.	ariable weather and (16)
b)	Compare and contrast supercell and line storms.	(9)

### **Question 5**

- a) Briefly explain any <u>five (5)</u> necessary conditions in the large-scale environment for tropical cyclogenesis to occur. (10)
- b) Outline the different stages in the development of a mid-latitude cyclone.

(15)

[25]

### **Question 6**

Use the accompanying plotted  $(T-\Phi)$  tephigram in figure 1 to determine the following:

a) The mixing and saturation mixing ration at the 750 hPa pressure level.

(3)

- b) The height of the base of the lowest cloud. (5)
- c) The height and thickness of the inversion layer. (5)
- d) The freezing level. (2)
- e) The potential temperature of a parcel of air with a temperature of 2.2 °C at 850 hPa pressure level. (5)
- f) The vapour pressure and saturation vapour pressure at the 850hPa pressure level. (5)

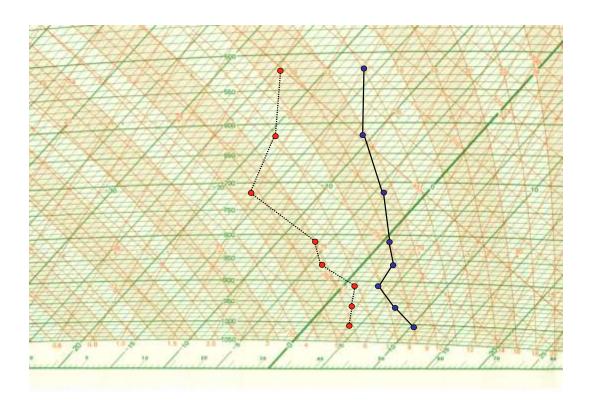


Figure 2. Plotted (T-Φ) tephigram

[25]