

**THE NATIONAL UNIVERSITY OF LESOTHO**

**FACULTY OF HUMANITIES**

**DEPARTMENT OF AFRICAN LANGUAGES AND LITERATURE**

**ALL 3301 -3A: GRAMMAR OF SECOND AFRICAN LANGUAGE (ISIZULU)**

**JANUARY 2024**

**TOTAL MARKS: 75**

**DURATION: 3 HOURS**

---

**INSTRUCTIONS (IMIYALELO):**

- Read the questions carefully before you attempt to answer them.
  - Funda imibuzo ngokucophelela ngamphambi kokuba uzame ukuyiphendula.
  - Answer **THREE** questions and question one is **COMPULSORY**.
  - Phendula imibuzo emithathu bese umbuzo wokuqala **UYIMPOQO**.
  - You may begin with any question of your choice but do not interfere with the order in which parts of the question appear in your examination paper.
  - Ungaqala nganoma yimuphi umbuzo ozikhethela wona kodwa ungaphazamisi indlela izingxenyane zombuso ezivela ngayo ephepheni lakho lokuhlolwa.
  - Begin every question on a fresh page.
  - Qala yonke imibuzo ekhasini Elisha.
  - Spelling mistakes will be penalized.
  - Amaphutha esipelingi azojeziswa
-

### Question One (Compulsory) [Umbuzo wokuqala (Impoqo)]

- a. With examples, give any FIVE isiZulu consonants combinations. (5)
- b. Outline FIVE characteristics of isiZulu and provide with examples. (10)
- c. Create a two people conversation and include self introductions, tell him/her what you do for a living and saying your goodbyes. (10)

[25]

### Question Two [Umbuzo wesibili]

- a. Fill in the noun classes of the noun in the singular form and write their plural form.

	Noun (singular)	Noun Class	Noun (plural)
Isibonelo:	ikati	2	amakati
	Imoto	3	izimoto

- i. Ubuhlobo (2)
- ii. umSotho (2)
- iii. inhlawulo (2)
- iv. ulimi (2)
- v. intandane (2)
- vi. umfelokazi (2)
- vii. ibhilidi (2)
- viii. umkhwenyana (2)
- ix. uthisha (2)
- x. isilwane (2)

(20)

- b. Gcwalisa isivumelwano esifanele
- i. Umfowethu .....gezainja.
  - ii. ONkosinathi .....yaedolobheni.
  - iii. Igedlela .....yabila.
  - iv. Izingane .....thengauswidi.
  - v. Uthando .....yamangaza.

(5)

[25]

### Question Three [Umbuzo wesintathu]

- a. Nikeza ubunye bala mabizo
- i. amaNgisi (Englishmen)
  - ii. imizi (villages)
  - iii. amarande (Rands)
  - iv. imifula (rivers)
  - v. ophopho (paw-paws)
- (5)
- b. Give any FIVE family relationships with their English translations. (5)

c. Construct isiZulu compound sentences using the following conjunctions:

- i. futhi
- ii. kanti
- iii. ngaphandle kwalokho
- iv. okanye
- v. kodwa

(15)

[25]

#### Question Four [Umbuzo wesine]

a. Replace the underlined nouns by their corresponding absolute pronouns.

Isibonelo: USipho uthenga ubisi.

USipho uthenga lona.

- i. UThoko ufuna isinkwa.
- ii. Omama baphuza itiye.
- iii. Abantu bafuna izinkomo.
- iv. Intombi ipenda itafula.
- v. USonto ukhipha imali.

(5)

b. Identify and underline the adverbs in the sentences below, also state their types.

- i. Ikhehla lithenga ukudla esitolo.
- ii. Ngancela isiNgisi unyaka ophelileyo.
- iii. UDumi ubiza abafundi ngokushesha
- iv. Amanzi aphelile izolo.
- v. Imimese iyabiza kakhulu.

(15)

c. From this text, single out FIVE adjectives.

*Abantu abamnyama bayahlukunyezwe ngabamhlophe lapha eningizimu Afrika. Sibonga uNelson Mandela ozinekele ngokumelana nobandlululo. Iningizimu Afrika manje isiyisizwe sothingo lapho abantu benomusa komunye.*

(5)

[25]