STUDENT NUMBER:
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## NATIONAL UNIVERSITY OF LESOTHO DEPARTMENT OF SOCIOLOGY & SOCIAL WORK BA EXAMINATION

SOC 1301-11: INTRODUCTION TO SOCIOLOGY
SW 1303 -11: SOCIOLOGY OF SOCIAL WORKERS

JANUARY 2024 MARKS: 100 Time: 3 HRS

#### **INSTRUCTIONS:**

- 1. The Paper has 3 Sections
- 2. Answer **ALL** questions in Section A on the Question Paper. Each question carries 2 marks.
- 3. Answer any five (5) questions in Section B
- 4. Answer One (1) question in Section C
- 5. No question paper should leave the examination room.

#### **SECTION A**

- Answer ALL Questions. Each question carries 2 marks.
- Circle the correct Answer.
- 1. Who is considered the founder of sociology?
  - (a) Max Weber
  - (b) Emile Durkheim
  - (c) Auguste Comte
  - (d) Karl Marx
- 2. Which sociological perspective takes a small-scale approach to sociology?
  - (a) Functionalist perspective
  - (b) Conflict perspective
  - (c) Integrationist perspective
  - (d) Feminist perspective
- 3. \_\_\_\_\_\_ is the process by which individuals and groups are ranked in hierarchy based on the access to resource and opportunities?
  - (a) Socialization
  - (b) Stratification
  - (c) Social change
  - (d) Social mobility

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4.	Which of the following is an example of social institution?  (a) Family (b) Personality (c) Intelligence (d) Deviance
5.	is a group of people who share a common culture.  (a) Organization (b) Community (c) Society (d) Association
6.	Which of the following is <b>NOT</b> part of intellectual forces that contributed to the development of sociology?  (a) Urbanization (b) Political revolution (c) Industrial revolution (d) Social stratification
7.	Social change is responsible for  (a) Social progress  (b) Social evolution  (c) Social disorganisation  (d) All the above
8.	Jean Piaget's theory is best described as  (a) Adult understanding  (b) Cognitive development in children  (c) Preoperational stage  (d) Germ theory
9.	Deviance can be defined in relation to  (a) A particular standard  (b) From time to time  (c) From Place to place  (d) All of the above
10	While the law is silent about drunkenness in some countries, in other countries such as Botswana and many developed countries, being visibly drunk (public intoxication) is a criminal offense. This illustrates

a) that deviance allows a zone of permissible variation

c) deviance is defined by governments and law offices

b) the relativity of deviance

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	d)	Both A and B
11	a) b) c)	ch of the following is not a component of social structure? Social groups Roles Crime Social institutions
12	frien a) b) c)	en`s closest friends surprised him with a large birthday party. This group of ds is an example of a: Primary group Formal group Reference group Secondary group
13	is ba a) b) c)	ording to Durkheim, which of the following is a form of social cohesion that used on division of labour is known as:  Social bond  Mechanical solidarity  Organic solidarity  Social unity
14	patte	ial structure constrains our activities to constructed frameworks and erns of organisation and directs our behavior" Name the thinker. Weber Durkheim Marx Comte
15		group to which a person does not belong to or identify with is called  Formal group Informal group In-group Out-group
16		choices an individual makes/has in life in terms of schools they attend, les they wear, and food they consume are determined by Status Role

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- c) Prestige
- d) All the above
- 17 Messages reading 'Keep NUL Clean' around the NUL campus are good example of:
  - a) Appropriate behaviour among NUL students
  - b) Informal culture
  - c) Formal culture
  - d) Mores, that is, everyday customs that may be violated without serious consequences
- 18 Culture relativism can best be described as:
  - a) The belief that people should not judge other cultures as superior or inferior to another culture
  - b) The process where individuals or groups come to accept other cultural practices.
  - c) The process of getting people to understand that cultural practices are different.
  - d) Cultural practices and perspectives spread from one culture to other areas.
- 19 Upon hearing news about the birth of Thabo's first-born daughter, women in the village gathered around with buckets of water to pour over Thabo to congratulate him. What is the sociological perspective of the women's actions?
  - a) Rituals and ceremonies
  - b) Values
  - c) Customs
  - d) Both A and C
  - e) Both B and C
- 20 Which among the following is true about socialization?
  - a) It socializes the individuals
  - b) It makes society above individual
  - c) It brings individuals into the social
  - d) All of the above
- 21 Which of the following is correct in the context of socialization?
  - a) A school is a primary socialization agent and parents are secondary agents
  - b) School is a secondary agent of Socialization and family is a primary socialization agent

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	c)	Peers are primary social agents and family is secondary socialis	zation				
	d)	agent Family and mass media are both secondary socialization agent	S				
22	Whi	ch among the following is not a secondary group?					
	a)	Political party					
	b)	Students in a class					
	,	Labour union					
	d)	A city					
23		perceives socialization in terms of social control					
	,	Conflict perspectives					
	,	Functionalism					
	,	Interactionists					
	d)	Both A & B					
24		ial mobility can be in numerous forms. Which of the following stat ws horizontal mobility?	ements				
	a)	<ul> <li>An employee working as a cashier at U-Save located at Popanyane village in Roma taking up a new job as a cashier at Shoprite in the city centre, Maseru.</li> </ul>					
	b)	A migrant labourer working as a machine operator being promo messenger	ted to a				
	c)	An older woman getting married to a wealthy and powerful mandreams d) All the above	of her				
25	othe b.	system of social inequality which involves ownership of persons ers is called: a. Caste Slavery	by the				
		Class					
	d.	None of the above					
SEC	CTION	N B					
Writ	te sho	ort notes on <b>five</b> (5) of the following sociological concepts:					
(	(a) So	ociology	[5]				
(	(b) Cu	ultural diversity [5] (c) Looking glass self [5]					
(	(d) De	eviance	[5]				
(	(e) En	lightenment	[5]				
(	(f) Ro	ole Conflict	[5]				

#### **SECTION C**

☐ Answer only ONE question in this section.

- Give a brief discussion of the functional analysis of culture in the society.
   [25 marks]
- Discuss any two manifest and latent functions of Education. [25 marks]
- 3. Using relevant examples, discuss **four** basic assumptions about sex and sexuality. [25 marks]

### THE NATIONAL UNIVERSITY OF LESOTHO DEPARTMENT OF SOCIOLOGY & SOCIAL WORK BA EXAMINATIONS SOC2301-11: INDIVIDUAL AND SOCIETY

January 2024	Marks: 75	Time: 3 hours
Answer a	S A is compulsory.  any two (2) questions in Section B.  tions carry 25 marks each.	
SECTION A		
☐ Answer <b>A</b>	LL questions	
1. Write short no	otes on the following terms:	
a) Indivi	idual	[5]
b) Socia	al constraint	[5]
c) Seco	ndary socialization	[5]
d) Symb	polic interactionism	[5]
e) Colle	ctive Identity	[5]

#### **SECTION B**

☐ Answer any **two** (2) questions

- 2. Deliberate on the sociological approaches to the self.
- 3. Discuss any three (3) sociological theories of individual and society.
- 4. With relevant examples, differentiate between socialization and internalization.
- 5. Explain ways in which modern culture has influenced individual identity.

# THE NATIONAL UNIVERSITY OF LESOTHO DEPARTMENT OF SOCIOLOGY & SOCIAL WORK BA EXAMINATIONS SOC 2302–11: INTRODUCTION TO QUANTITATIVE RESEARCH METHODS: DATA COLLECTION

JANUARY 2024 MARKS: 75 TIME: 3 HOURS

- Answer any three questions.
- All questions carry 25 marks each.
- 1. Write short notes on any **five** of the following research concepts:

a) Pilot study	[5]
b) Abstract	[5]
c) Conceptualisation	[5]
d) Hypothesis	[5]
e) Operationalisation	[5]
f) Justification of the study	[5]
g) Variables	[5]

- 2. Identify and discuss the **six** steps of research process.
- 3. Examine any **four** ethical considerations that researchers ought to abide by when conducting quantitative research.
- 4. Choose a quantitative research topic and explain in detail how you can conduct an experiment to test **one** hypothesis.
- 5. Using examples, discuss **four** levels measurement in quantitative research.
- 6. Deliberate on any **five** key issues to consider when designing a questionnaire.

### NATIONAL UNIVERSITY OF LESOTHO DEPARTMENT OF SOCIOLOGY & SOCIAL WORK BA EXAMINATIONS SOC 2303-11: SOCIAL INEQUALITY

JANUARY 2024 MARKS: 100 TIME: 3 HOURS

#### **INSTRUCTIONS:**

- Section A is Compulsory.
- Answer any other three questions in Section B.

#### **SECTION A**

☐ Answer all questions

- 1a) Define the following concepts:
  - (i) Social inequality (2)
  - (ii) Social stratification (2)
  - (iii) Ascribed status (2)
  - (iv) Achieved status (2)
  - (v) Feminization of poverty (2)
  - b) Discuss Marian Young's (1990) **five** social processes that are at work in the stratification of societies into hierarchical orders. (15) c) Examine the traditional caste system of India, and how it is today (15) **SECTION B**
  - Answer any three questions.
  - All questions carry 20 marks.
- 2 Consider Karl Marx's work on stratification centred around the concept of class.
  Discuss.

- 3 Using Kingsley Davis and Wilbert Moore (1945), critically discuss the functionalist theory of stratification.
- 4 The conflict perspective assumes that education reinforces the existing inequalities. Show how this is the case.
- 5 Discuss the various reasons behind gender inequalities in health.

### THE NATIONAL UNIVERSITY OF LESOTHO FACULTY OF SOCIAL SCIENCES BA EXAMINATIONS SOC 3302-11: ORIGINS OF SOCIOLOGICAL THOUGHT

JANUARY 2024 MARKS: 100 TIME: 3 HOURS

#### **INSTRUCTION:**

- Answer three questions
- Questions 1 & 2 are compulsory
- Answer any other question in Section B

#### **SECTION A**

#### **QUESTION ONE (Compulsory)**

40 Marks

☐ Answer Q1(a) **OR** Q1(b)

a) The development of sociological theory did not happen in a vacuum. If you agree with this assertion, discuss the social forces that contributed to is development.

#### OR

b) Examine the role of Enlightenment intellectual force and conservative reactions in the development of sociological theory.

#### **QUESTION TWO (Compulsory)**

30 Marks

- a) What is a Theory? Briefly explain how a social theory differs from any other theory?
- b) Distinguish between classical social theory and contemporary social theory.

#### **SECTION B**

☐ Answer only **ONE** question in this section

QUESTION THREE 30 Marks

Select <u>any two of the following classical scholars</u> and elaborate on their contexts and contributions to the development of sociological thought. <u>The two selected scholars should not be from the same region</u>.

August Comte;

Emile Durkheim;

Max Weber;

Herbert Spencer;

Harriet Martineau;

QUESTION FOUR 30 Marks

Select **any one** of the following sociological theories (Functionalist Theory, Social Action Theory, Interactionist Theory). Discuss its main assumptions and how the theory applies in understanding how any society system works.

QUESTION FIVE 30 Marks

- a) Briefly elaborate on the main postulations of classical Marxist theory in understanding conflict in human society
- b) Neo-Marxist and Feminist theories are related to classical Marxist in some ways, but also differ substantially in understanding human society. Provide some explanations to this assertion.

### NATIONAL UNIVERSITY OF LESOTHO DEPARTMENT OF SOCIOLOGY & SOCIAL WORK BA EXAMINATIONS SOC3303-11: SOCIOLOGY OF GENDER

JANUARY 2024 MARKS: 75 TIME: 3 HOURS

- Answer any three questions.
- All questions carry 25 marks each.
- 1. Define the following concepts:
  - (i) Gender
  - (ii) Sexism
  - (iii) Gender Role
  - (iv) Gender Stereotypes
  - (v) Patriarchy
  - 2 Discuss Sylvia Walby's (1990) five patriarchal structures
  - 3 Give a brief discussion of the conflict analysis of gender roles in contemporary society.
  - 4 Critically discuss the radical feminist perspective
  - 5 Examine the impact of development on women in developing countries.

### DEPARTMENT OF SOCIOLOGY & SOCIAL WORK BA EXAMINATIONS SOC 3304-11: SOCIOLOGY OF HEALTH AND ILLNESS

JANUARY 2024 MARKS: 75 TIME: 3 HOURS

#### **INSTRUCTIONS:**

- Answer any three questions.
- All questions carry 25 marks each.
- 1. Using the example of gender-based violence among Southern African women,
  - a) Examine **three** stressors they experience.

[15]

b) Suggest **two** coping mechanisms employed to overcome the stress.

[10]

- 2. Deliberate on any **four** factors that influence the individual's response to illness symptoms.
- 3. The Lesotho DHS 2014 estimated that 10 % of women and 0 % men aged 15-49 had a clinical breast cancer examination in the past 12 months. Using any theoretical framework, discuss the likelihood that these numbers (10% and 0%) will change in the next survey.

4.

- a) Discuss **two** safety concerns about the use of Traditional/Complementary and Alternative Medicine (TM/CAM). [10 marks]
- b) Using relevant examples, describe **three** types of Traditional/Complementary and Alternative Medicine (TM/CAM) used in any African country. [15 marks]
- 5. Discuss the illness experience of patients and survivors living with cervical cancer.

### DEPARTMENT OF SOCIOLOGY & SOCIAL WORK BA EXAMINATIONS SOC 4302–11: CONTEMPORARY THEORIES IN SOCIOLOGY

JANUARY 2024	MARKS: 75	TIME: 3 HOURS			
INSTRUCTIONS:					
<ul> <li>Answer any <u>three</u> ques</li> </ul>	tions.				
All questions carry 25 m	narks each.				
Briefly describe the contri     Sociological Theory.	butions of any five of the	following to Early American			
a) William Graham Sun	nner [5]				
b) Lester Ward	[5]				
c) William Isaac Thoma	as [5]				
d) Robert Park	[5]				
e) Charles Horton Cool	ey [5]				
f) Thorstein Veblen	[5]				
<ol> <li>Discuss any three of critical school's critiques of social and intellectual life.</li> <li>Using any organisation or institution in Lesotho, discuss Davis and Moore's (1945) Functional Theory of Stratification.</li> </ol>					
4. Discuss Niklas Luhman's c	4. Discuss Niklas Luhman's concept of Autopoietic Systems.				
5. Examine Don Zimmerman's	s (1988) <b>five</b> basic principle	s of conversation analysis.			
FACULTY OF SOCIAL SCIENCES BA EXAMINATIONS SOC 4303- 11: SOCIOLOGY OF RURAL COMMUNITIES					
JANUARY 2024	MARKS: 100	TIME: 3 HOURS			

- Answer ONE question in Section A
- Answer TWO questions in Section B

#### **SECTION A**

☐ Answer Q1(a) OR Q1(b) OR Q1(c) ☐ Each question is worth 40 marks

#### **Question 1**

a) Provide a detailed discussion of Lesotho's land question and the main approaches to rural development.

OR

b) Discuss the three rights to land in South Africa. Explain why South Africa's land reform project has failed to improve the livelihoods of rural communities.

OR

c) Critically discuss how the Cold War dynamics impacted the various phases of the Zimbabwean land reform project since independence in 1980.

#### **SECTION B**

- Answer two questions from this section
- Each question is worth 30 marks

#### Question 2

Critically discuss Tonnies's main arguments in theorising how the Industrial Revolution and urbanisation impacted social relations.

#### Question 3

Deliberate on the emergence of the modernisation theory and the main arguments by modernisation theorists.

#### **Question 4**

Examine the impacts of Structural Adjustment Plans (SAPs) in African countries.

#### **Question 5**

Critically discuss the arguments by Thayer Scudder and Michael Cernea in the way they have theorised the impacts of resettlements on rural communities.

#### **Question 6**

Using relevant examples, discuss Rob Nixon's concept of 'slow violence' and demonstrate the importance of his theory in understanding the lived experiences of rural communities.

### THE NATIONAL UNIVERSITY OF LESOTHO FACULTY OF SOCIAL SCIENCES BA EXAMINATIONS SOC 4304-11: SOCIAL POLICY

JANUARY 2024 MARKS: 75 TIME: 3 HOURS

- Answer any three questions.
- All questions carry 25 marks each.
- 1. Examine the **four** areas of social policy by showing how different countries have attempted to solve problems of their citizens in these areas.
- 2. Critically analyse the relationship between social policy and solidarity.
- 3. Using appropriate examples, describe the **first two stages** in the policy life cycle.
- 4. Critically analyse the Neo-liberal ideology, showing its impact on equality.
- 5. Critically discuss the arguments for and against the welfare state.

#### DEPARTMENT OF SOCIOLOGY AND SOCIAL WORK

#### **BA EXAMINATIONS**

**SOC 3301-11: INTRODUCTION TO QUANTITATIVE DATA ANALYSIS** 

JANUARY 2024 MARKS: 100 TIME: 3 HOURS

#### **INSTRUCTIONS:**

- Answer **four** questions.
- All questions carry 25 marks each.

#### **Question 1**

Using examples, discuss **five (5)** main ethical principles to be followed when conducting research [25].

#### **Question 2**

- a) What are the variables and constructs in quantitative research? [4].
- b) Using examples, discuss what operationalisation is in quantitative research [3].
- c) Explain the different approaches to instrument validity and reliability in quantitative research [8].
  - d) Discuss the two main types of data analysis in quantitative research methods [10].

#### **Question 3**

Imagine you are an independent consultant based in Maseru, in Lesotho. The World Health Organisation (WHO) with the Government of Lesotho have approached you to research the prevalence of Tuberculosis (TB) among young people between the ages of 18 to 35 in Lesotho. As an independent consultant, you are expected to assemble a team of young researchers and conduct a quantitative study on this matter.

- a) Construct (5) questions for your questionnaire for your survey [10].
- b) Explain how you would code and process data [7].
- c) Describe the steps you will take to produce a Histogram using SPSS software [4].
- d) Describe the steps you will take to a Scattergram/Scatterplot using the SPSS software [4].

#### **Question 4**

- a) Explain how a codebook in quantitative research is created [5].
- b) Discuss the four common methods used in inferential statistics [8].

Table 1 below shows the data collected by a doctor from his patients

Respondents	Gender	Weight
1	Male	70
2	Male	70
3	Female	86
4	Male	97
5	Female	81
6	Female	66
7	Male	88
8	Male	70
9	Female	71
10	Male	88
11	Female	89

c) Based on the table above, calculate the following:

i) Mean

[2]. ii) Median

[2]. iii) Mode

[2]

d) Define the following:

i) Univariate analysis

[2]. ii) Bivariate analysis

[2].

iii) Multivariate analysis

[2].

#### **Question 5**

Table 2 below is a sample of data from research on wealth distribution among males and females in Maseru, Lesotho. Demonstrate how you would analyse this data using SPSS software.

Responden ts	Gender	Monthly income	Height	Do you have Savings	Age	Attended School	Marital Status
1	Male	M1000	60	Yes	28	Yes	Single
2	Male	M3000	68	No	41	No	Married
3	Female	M4000	64	Yes	32	Yes	Single
4	Male	M500	51	No	60	No	Married
5	Female	M12000	55	Yes	49	Yes	Single
6	Male	R6000	60	No	47	No	Single
7	Female	R28000	70	Yes	42	Yes	Single
8	Male	M6000	62	Yes	48	No	Married
9	Female	M7000	67	Yes	49	Yes	Married
10	Female	M24000	69	Yes	50	No	Married

a) Explain any 5 functions of the SPSS software and how they help you enter data [10].

- b) Using the information in Table 2 above, explain the quantitative data analysis steps you will take to perform the following on SPSS using any variables of your choice:
  - (i) Measures of Central Tendency [5].
  - (ii) Frequency distribution [5].
  - (iii) Measures of Variability/Variance [5].

#### **Question 6**

A teacher has observed poor academic performance of students who participate in extramural activities such as sports, debate, and other activities. To ascertain the correlation between poor academic performance and partaking in extramural activities, he conducted a survey comparing students who do not partake in extramural activities and those who do.

- a) Formulate a null and alternative hypothesis using the scenario given above [4].
- b) Demonstrate how you will test the hypothesis using the following hypothesis testing methods on the SPSS software:

(i)	Chi-square	[5].	
(ii)	Phi and Cramer's V		[5].
(iii)	T-test [one sample T-Test]		[5]
(iv)	ANOVA		[6].